

The Merchants' Exchange
 Grill Room and Restaurant - Exchange
 QUANN BROS., Proprietors.
 319 Seymour St., VANCOUVER, B.C.

The Daily Colonist.

BEST DOUBLE SCREENED HOUSEHOLD COAL
 \$6.50 Per Ton Delivered, Weight Guaranteed
HALL, GOEPEL & CO., LTD.
 100 Government St. Phone 88.

VOL. LXXXV. NO. 146. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1901 FORTY-THIRD YEAR

For Silver Beauty For June Weddings



THE FASHIONABLE POPULARITY OF,
Sterling Silverware
 For Bridal Gifts is fully met in the liberal selections which await your selection here.
THE LATEST AND NEWEST
 And best creations of the leading silversmith are shown at our store, 47 Government Street. Our prices are incentives for people to have what they wish.

Challoner & Mitchell
 Jewelers and Opticians


Schlitz Milwaukee Lager

THE LIGHTEST, COOLEST AND MOST REFRESHING

LEADING WINE MERCHANTS SELL IT

Hudson's Bay Co.
 AGENTS.

ONLY THE BEST



Is good enough for the man who respects himself and loves his family. Such a man always wants the best, and he knows that the market affords, and retail at the lowest prices.

NEW MANITOBA BUTTER, per lb., 25c.
 IMPERIAL ROLLED OATS, 7 lb. sack, 25c.
 LIME JUICE, per bottle, 25c.
 NATIVE PORT WINE, per bottle, 25c.
 ARMOUR'S DEVILED HAM, per tin, 15c.
 ROYAL SALAD DRESSING, per bottle, 25c.
 FRESH CREAM RECEIVED DAILY.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.
 Cash Grocers.

SIMON LEISER & CO.
 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

Wholesale Grocer and Importer

We carry the largest stock of groceries and provisions in the Province, and handling the great bulk of the NORTHERN TRADE, we can offer special advantages to Traders and Miners.

Outfitting a Specialty

FRESCO WORK
 And Artistic Decorating

Having secured the services of Mr. Paul Beygram, Fresco Artist, we are able to contract for all work in this line, and guarantee satisfaction.

J. W. MELLOR, 76 and 78 FORT STREET,
 Above Douglas Street.

J. PIERCY & CO.
 Clothing Manufacturers and Wholesale Dry Goods

VICTORIA

Kilmarnock

This favorite brand of Scotch Whisky is acknowledged by all who are judges to be the very best on the market. The demand for this brand of Whisky is constantly on the increase, thus proving that the public appreciate a good article.

To be obtained in bulk or in case from

Pither & Leiser
 Direct Importers
 VICTORIA, B. C.

FINE SCOTCH FLIES

Inspect our large variety and try a sample dozen. There is no need to send away for these goods as we import them direct from the Liverpool makers. We can sell 30 per cent cheaper than any house outside of Victoria, at

FOX'S, 78 Govt St

CALEDONIAN LIQUEUR WHISKY
SEAGRAMS "83" WHISKY
DRY MONOPOLE CHAMPAGNE
VEUVE CLICQUOT CHAMPAGNE
POMMERY-GRENO CHAMPAGNE
ANHEUSER-BUSCH LAGER BEER
HENNESSY BRANDY
MARTELL BRANDY

And all the leading brands of Wines, Whiskies, Gins, Havana Cigars, Etc.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Limited
 Importers

Marine Insurance
 EFFECTED AT LOWEST RATES

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.
 AGENTS

LONDON & PROVINCIAL MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
 OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
 LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
 SWISS MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES (LIMITED), OF LUGANO, SWITZERLAND.
 WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO.
 LAFONCIEUX COMPAGNIE D'ASSURANCES.

HYGIENIC BAKING POWDER
 Pure and Wholesome

The result of several years' experimenting by the best chemists in America. It is a Straight Phosphate and Soda Powder (no Alum). For Sale by all Retail Grocers.

STEMLER & EARLE
 Manufacturers
 VICTORIA, B. C.

THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO.
 LIMITED

Importers of

IRON, STEEL, HARDWARE, PIPE, FITTINGS.
 Cutlery, Garden Tools, Lawn Mowers and Garden Hose

MIXING AND MILLING SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone 59
 P. O. Draw 613

Watson's Genlivet

Direct from Distillery to Victoria

Which means that the quality of the whisky is not reduced to pay royalties to Eastern houses. Although the price is always on the lookout for something new the consumer, after using other brands of Scotch Whisky, always returns to WATSON'S GENLIVET, which possesses the genuine merit that only can excel.

ASK FOR IT—and what is more—ask for it—see that you get it and do not get refilled bottles. The popular brand always suffers in this way.

EARSMAN, FARDIE & CO.
 Sole Agents British Columbia.

The Leading Scotch Whisky
 Why & How
 Special Selects
 Highland Scotch Whisky
 Scotch Liqueur Whisky



This unrivalled Scotch Whisky is now the OLDEST, BEST KNOWN and the MOST APPRECIATED any other brand in the Province.

It has stood the test of 20 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, having maintained its reputation for PURE SUPERIOR QUALITY and GENERAL EXCELLENCE, and is specially recommended in cases of sickness by leading medical gentlemen.

Sold by all Wholesale Dealers.

JAMES CRAWFORD
 Victoria Agent for British Columbia.

Mining Shares

For sale in all B. C. Mines at Lowest Quotations.

Fire Insurance
 Agents for
 The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co., the Atlas Assurance Co.
 HOUSES AND LOTS for sale in all parts of the city.

A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.,
 80 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

Andrew Usher & Co.'s
 Celebrated Scotch Whiskies.

O. V. G. S. R. O. V. G. G. O. H.

Bass' Famous Burton Ale on Draught
 Agent.
W. A. WARD,
 BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING

B.H. HURST & CO.
 Mining and Stock Brokers

Payne

We can sell 500 at 20¢ cents. Buyers of mining stocks can always save at least half a cent per share by coming to us. We charge only legitimate commission.

35 FORT STREET

To Mark The Graves

Lady Minto Interesting Herself in Erecting Memorials to Soldier Dead.

Places Where Canadians Fell in South Africa Are Now Located.

And at End of War Burial Grounds Will Be Cared For in Perpetuity.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, June 7.—Lady Minto is much interested in the subject of suitably marking and eventually erecting memorial tablets over the graves of Canadian soldiers who have fallen in South Africa, which has been brought to her notice by prominent military men, the Daughters of the Empire League and others. She has heard from Lord Roberts that the graves are now located and identified, but he expressed the opinion that it may not be advisable to take any further steps till the close of the war.

It is Lady Minto's intention at a later date to appeal to the Canadian public for funds to carry out the scheme outlined above, and it is hoped ample funds will be forthcoming.

Each grave will have a tablet, and the relatives of the dead soldiers will be asked individually to choose their own inscription. Arrangements will be made for the care of the graves in perpetuity.

A circular is being sent out to census commissioners instructing them that where enumerators' wages at the schedule rate does not amount to \$3 a day, claims for extra remuneration to that limit may be put in with the account of each, also that \$3 per day may be allowed for the number of days spent in receiving instructions and returning schedules.

WILL NOT MEDDLE.
 Austria-Hungary Declines to Attempt Mediation.

Vienna, June 7.—Count Goluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, informed an Austrian delegation today that the government would not entertain the suggestion of mediation between Great Britain and the Boers, because no serious government would care to undertake mediation after the British government declared that it would not accept mediation, and that an offer to mediate would be regarded by Great Britain as an unfriendly act.

BANK CLEARINGS.
 Results of Week in Principal Cities of Canada.

New York, June 7.—The bank clearings in the principal cities of the Dominion of Canada for the week are: Vancouver, \$888,897, decrease 10.3 per cent.; Montreal, \$18,540,658, increase 27.2 per cent.; Toronto, \$13,001,102, increase 21.7 per cent.; Winnipeg, \$1,100,691, decrease 41.1 per cent.; Halifax, \$1,790,325, decrease 13.9 per cent.; Hamilton, \$835,246, increase 1.7 per cent.; St. John's, \$855,142, increase 9.8 per cent.; Victoria, \$829,710, increase 23 per cent.; Quebec, \$1,728,292.

GERMAN CITIZENS.
 New Law to Prevent Denationalization While Abroad.

Berlin, June 7.—As a result of the agitation by the German colonial society in favor of some modifications of the law of 1870, under which thousands of Germans abroad were denationalized without any desire on their part for such a result, the government announced that a new law is being drawn by the terms of which Germans abroad will lose their nationality only by their own volition.

VON WALTERSEEN'S SUCCESSOR.
 Choice Will Be Left to Commanders in China.

Berlin, June 7.—It is officially announced that it has been decided that the selection of Count von Waldersee's successor as commander of the international force, shall be left to the commanders of the international forces in China.

DRANK POISON.
 Took Carbolic Acid Instead of Whisky.

Lansing, Mich., June 7.—Michael S. Doyle, representative from Eastern Canada in the lower house of the legislature, died this morning, as a result of taking a dose of carbolic acid, which Edith Manders, an hotel domestic, says she gave him in mistake for whisky.

NO LYNCHING.
 Troops Protect Negro Georgia Mob Wanted.

Atlanta, Ga., June 7.—A special train bearing the two companies of state militia, which Governor Chandler sent to Carolina to preserve order, returned to Atlanta at 11 o'clock tonight, having in charge the negro Williams.

LEAVE MANILA.
 Volunteers Now All on the Way Home.

Washington, June 7.—A cablegram was received at the war department today from Gen. MacArthur at Manila, announcing that all volunteers have left the Philippines en route for the United States.

HAMILTON'S GROWTH.
 Has Gained Five Thousand Since Last Census.

Ottawa, Ont., June 7.—(Special.)—It is stated that Hamilton's population is 52,585; an increase of 5,300 over the population of 1891.

Barley Chop

\$10 per ton cheaper than oats. Made from pure feed. See that our brand is on every sack. That our brand is on every sack.

SYLVESTER FEED CO.,
 City Market.

INDIANS AT CHILLIWACK.
 Will Not Accept Canniers Offer—Passion Play Postponed.

Vancouver, June 7.—(Special.)—A large gathering of Indians at Chilliwack today decided unanimously against accepting the canniers offer of twelve cents per fish for July, and ten for August. Thirty-three chiefs signed petitions to the grand lodge of fishermen to fix price at 15 cents. The meeting of the grand lodge will be held on Saturday night at Vancouver, at which the final decision will be made. If the present feeling continues this will undoubtedly be fifteen cents for the season. The Indians declare they will not start to fish unless fifteen cents is guaranteed. The passion play at Chilliwack has been postponed till tomorrow or Sunday on account of rain.

PRIZES FOR SHOW.
 Bank of Commerce Presents Cup to Nanaimo Agricultural Society.

Nanaimo, June 7.—(Special.)—The Canadian Bank of Commerce has offered the Nanaimo Agricultural society a magnificent silver cup for competition. The society has decided to hold a dog show at the same time as the agricultural exhibition, and has also decided to join the Poultry society in erecting permanent exhibition building.

Mr. Carnegie's Splendid Gift

Ten Million Dollars Handed Over For Benefit of Scottish Universities.

Part of It However Will Be Used For Preparatory Schools.

London, June 7.—Andrew Carnegie signed a deed today transferring \$10,000,000 in five per cent. steel trust bonds to trustees for the benefit of the universities of Scotland. The amount becomes immediately available.

The next installment of interest can be used for the October term. The deed contains a preamble saying that Mr. Carnegie having retired from all business, deems it to be his duty and one of his highest privileges to administer the wealth which has come to him as trustee in behalf of others, entertaining the confident belief that one of the best means of discharging that trust is providing funds for improving and extending the opportunities for scientific research of the universities of Scotland, his native land, and by rendering the attendance easier.

A constitution, as it is called, is attached to the deed detailing that half the income be devoted to increasing the faculty for the study of science, medicine, natural languages, history and English literature. The other half is to pay fees and assist students in other ways regardless of sex and in aid of preparatory schools, evening classes and other means of education outside the universities.

NAVY AND ARMY FLEE TO COVER

Ladies of Morocco Embassy Make British Admiral and General Retreat.

London, June 7.—A special embassy from the Sultan of Morocco, bearing congratulations to King Edward on his accession to the throne, created considerable interest on its arrival today. It arrived at Portsmouth yesterday on board the British cruiser Diadem. The embassy is headed by Kaid of Mehdidi Ed Menabehi, the minister of war. The embassy has a retinue of 29 persons. When the deputation was officially received at the Portsmouth pier by Admiral Aldrich and Gen. Sir Baker Russell, the reception was suspended to allow the ladies, closely veiled, to pass down the gangplank to the sumptuous special train. The Marine Guard was hurried around the corner and Admiral Aldrich and Gen. Baker Russell hid behind a freight car. During the drive in the royal carriages from Victoria station, this city, the ladies were carefully excluded, the carriage attendants and others turning their backs while the ladies entered and left their carriages. The ambassador of Morocco brought King Edward two rare Atlas mountain sheep, 20 Arab horses and 20 mules. The official reception will take place on Monday.

STRUCK OIL.
 Petroleum Discovered on a Farm Near Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, June 7.—(Special.)—Petroleum has been discovered near Winnipeg, on a farm. Experts are in charge of the work.

Rev. Mr. Munro, of Woodstock, has accepted the assistant pastorate of Knox church.

Col. Dent, remount officer, is in Winnipeg, on his way to the Coast.

THE INDEPENDENCE.
 Must Be Chartered by New York Club Member to Race.

New York, June 7.—Thomas W. Lawson's yacht, the Independence, will not be allowed to compete in the trial races preliminary to the races for the America's cup, unless she shall be chartered by some member of the New York Yacht club who will enter her for such events as she may be qualified to take part in.

NO INDEPENDENCE.
 Mr. Brodick Reaffirms Decision Regarding South Africa.

London, June 7.—Mr. Brodick, the war secretary, replying to a question in the House of Commons today regarding the probability of an early conclusion of peace in South Africa, reaffirmed that the Government would not consent to discuss the future independence of the conquered states with the Boers.

DROPPED DEAD.
 R. A. Lyon of Arizona Dies Suddenly of Heart Disease.

Montreal, June 7.—R. A. Lyon, registrar for East Alaska, dropped dead on the Queen's hotel floor of heart disease.

Toronto's Sensation

Another Tragedy Added to the Story of Robbery and Murder.

Two Prisoners Sentenced to Twenty-One Years in Penitentiary.

One of Them Dashes Himself to Death From the Jail Gallery.

Toronto, June 7.—The gallows will be cheated of two of the men who shot Constable Boyd last Tuesday. Jones died yesterday in the general hospital as the result of an operation, and today Rutledge committed suicide by jumping from the gallery of the jail to the hard pavement below. His skull was fractured in the fall, and he died an hour after without recovering consciousness.

Rice, the only one of the trio left, is the man whom Constable Stewart swears fired the shot which killed Boyd. Rutledge and Rice were taken down to the court house this morning and sentenced to 21 years for burglary, and were also arraigned for the murder of Boyd.

Rutledge was silent and moody when he was taken back to jail. He was taken with another convict to dinner shortly after, and when on the way made a sudden dash, mounted the stairway to the jail gallery, 30 feet above the floor, poised himself for a moment on the railing, and then came dashing down, head first, on the hard pavement. The head of his skull was crushed in and he died an hour later. The greatest care will now be taken of Rice, the only remaining man of the trio, and every effort made to preserve his life for his trial.

CLYDE REGATTA.
 Sybarita Wins From Shamrock 1—Nevada First in Her Class.

Rothsary, Fifth of Clyde, June 7.—Glasgow exhibition regatta opened today. The yachts started in a brisk north-wind breeze over a course of the islands of Bute and Arran, giving a fair trial on all points of sailing. Twice around the course and a "distance" to Largs and back, made a total of 50 miles sailing.

In the first division the Shamrock I. was pitted against the best single scullers in British waters. She was heavily handicapped, a provision of the British racing rules forcing her to give the Meteor 45 minutes and 39 seconds, the Sybarita 42 minutes and 34 seconds, and the Kariad 47 minutes and 34 seconds. It was Shamrock I.'s first open competition, and she was expected to demonstrate what improvement she had made since the cup races.

The four big yachts were sent off with full light weather canvas to a capital start. The Kariad, the Meteor, and the Sybarita, were beam and beam with the Shamrock half a length at stern.

Interest in the second race centred in Chas. F. Herreshoff's jr., new cutter Nevada, built recently at Point House. The Sybarita's time at the finish was 7 hours 14 minutes 34 seconds. She wins both prizes for first yacht to have finished the race, and also the allowance. The Meteor's time at the finish was 7 hours, 42 minutes and 56 seconds, the Kariads, 7 hours, 47 minutes and 2 seconds, and the Shamrock's, 7 hours, 47 minutes and 36 seconds.

TREASURE UNEARTHED.
 Jubilee Hospital Will Benefit From Parkington's Eccentric Will.

Nanaimo, B. C., June 7.—(Special.)—Richard Parkington, an eccentric old cobbler of Alberni, well known all over the district, died last week, leaving a will bequeathing \$500 to the Alberni English church; the same to the Jubilee hospital; \$100 to help the cottage and garden in repair; the same to be expended free by any worthy indigent old white man in perpetuity; \$100 to pay taxes, and a number of minor bequests totalling altogether nineteen hundred dollars.

Parkington was often asked before his death where the money was to pay all this, but replied it was in a good safe spot. He died without revealing the location, and the local justice of the peace instituted a rigorous search of the premises.

After several days a land tin was discovered buried under the wood pile containing \$1,800 in gold. A one hundred dollar bill was discovered stuffed in the toe of an old discarded boot lying in the kitchen.

The trustee accordingly banked the money in accordance with the provisions of the bequest, and at once ordered the necessary repairs made to the cottage. The trustee is now looking out for a suitable tenant for the cottage as specified in the will, and has notified the directors of the Jubilee hospital, Victoria, regarding the legacy, and also legatees named in the will.

Parkington lived many years at Alberni, and was considered extremely poor. Indeed the announcement of his bequests caused considerable amusement, and was regarded as merely another eccentric freak.

KILLED FOR HOGS.
 Farmers Dispute Leads to a Tragedy.

Houston, Texas, June 7.—As the result of an indictment charging the theft of hogs, a shooting affray occurred here today, in which Thomas Payne and L. P. Echols were killed. T. B. Perkins was fatally injured, and Dave Echols badly wounded. Payne's son was on trial, and the trouble was an outgrowth of this affair.

BRIGANDS.
 Hold Up Mail Coach in Hungary and Strangle Guard.

London, June 7.—The Daily Express publishes the following despatch from Vienna: "A band of brigands held up a mail coach near Retz, Hungary, strangled the driver, named the guards, ransacked the mail bags, and escaped with plunder valued at £5,000."

The Best in the Market

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at the following rates:

One Year	\$8.00
Six Months	3.00

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One Year	\$1.50
Six Months	.75
Three Months	.40

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted, should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p. m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p. m., consult the Night Editor.

\$10 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as will lead to the conviction of anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

SIR WILFRID NOT COMING.

While the people of British Columbia, without distinction of party, will appreciate the compliment paid to Canada by the invitation extended to Sir Wilfrid Laurier to join the royal party in their transcontinental tour this fall, there will be no little disappointment because this will prevent the Premier from paying a less formal visit to the West this year. It will be out of the question to expect him when in company of the Heir Apparent to be able to discuss the many subjects which the people of the province would like to bring under his attention. A visit from Sir Wilfrid to the principal points in the province and the free discussion of the several questions now attracting most attention here, could hardly have failed to be productive of excellent results.

We are, however, to have Messrs. Sifton and Patterson and probably Mr. Tarte. Mr. Sifton is, we are told, to dispose of the Assay Office question. It has been said by some that any inquiry made on this subject will be largely perfunctory, and that the government has already decided to give the office to Vancouver. Such people say that the election for Burrard was run on the cry of "Maxwell and the Mint," and that as the mint is going to be established at Ottawa, the government will compromise with Vancouver by giving that city the Assay Office. We do not know that there is any authority for this claim, or that it is anything more than a case of putting two and two together and making five of them. We prefer to believe that Mr. Sifton will approach the consideration of the Assay Office with a perfectly open mind, and that the conclusion he will reach will not be influenced by the election cries in any constituency. Whether this is or is not the case, it is the clear duty of the people of Victoria to present the claims of this city as though it were.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

Like Banquo's ghost, the chances of hostility between Japan and Russia will not down. There is little use in preaching peace, when rival civilizations come in conflict, and when nations with diametrically opposite ambitions confront each other. Russia feels impelled to expansion eastward. Japan feels her destiny to be to expand westward. Each has gone as far as it can without collision. Korea stands between them as neutral ground, and apparently the first step taken by either upon the soil of that kingdom will be the signal for the other to declare war. A recent despatch said that Russian had offered Japan two ports in exchange for privileges which she desires to acquire in Korea, but we have no expectation that the proposal will be acceptable to the Japanese government. According to the Japanese idea, the Island Kingdom is destined to be the supreme in the Orient, to repeat the achievements of Britain in the Occident. The Japanese look forward to the time when they will have a great continental dominion, and will give a new impetus to the Oriental races. Nothing less than this will fill the anticipations of the very remarkable people, who have accomplished such wonderful things in less than a generation. They have no desire or intention to see the prize which seems to be within their grasp wrested from them by Russia, more especially because if Russia becomes supreme on the Asiatic coast, Japan will soon sink to the level of a dependency.

There is not much doubt that on a trial of strength under existing circumstances Japan would be more than a match for her mighty rival. Her army is well organized, and splendidly equipped, her basis of operation is close at hand. She can probably control the sea. The recent experience of the allies in China has shown the high character of the Japanese forces, while it

also demonstrated that the Russian troops were little better than barbarians. The sympathy of civilization will be with the vigorous islanders when the expected collision comes. There is also no doubt that the people of Korea and Northern China would gladly welcome the Japanese after their recent experience with the Cossacks.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Eighth Article.)

Every traveller over the Canadian Pacific railway through British Columbia must have wondered how far the great mountain walls extend on either side, just as when he crosses the prairies he has tried to imagine where are the limits of the seemingly boundless plains. In the mountain region the impression created is one adverse to the country as a home for settlers. It seems, indeed, an inhospitable land. When an opening in the mighty barrier gives a vista beyond, it is made up of mountain peaks, many of them snow-capped. There seems to be no place for the habitation of man. The traveller requires to be reminded that these distant mountain peaks, which seem so close together, are really far apart and that between them are valleys, many of which are as attractive to the settler as any part of the continent, that in other places are wide ranges suitable for grazing ground for thousands and tens of thousands of cattle. Beyond these snow peaks there are beautiful fruit orchards, surrounding charming homes. The Southern Mainland has no wide farming areas, but it has many valleys, where the soil is of the richest character and the low elevation coupled with the favorable winds which come from the south give rise to conditions which cannot be surpassed in the Temperate Zone for the prosecution of farming. This may seem like strong language, but it is fully warranted by the facts. Towards the northern border irrigation is necessary, and it is used with advantage in other places, but this is not a serious objection. Farming pays here and pays well. The markets are close at hand. A mining population buys freely and nothing is too good for it. Whatever vicissitudes may attend mining, none accompany farming on good land in a mining community, and this is what the Southern Mainland offers to a greater number of people than would be supposed by those who have not taken the trouble to inform themselves of the true character of this valuable portion of British Columbia.

A reader directs the attention of the Colonist to the fact that there are more coal deposits in this part of the province than might be inferred from the language employed in yesterday's article. We intended to convey the idea that coal was widely distributed over the Southern Mainland, not merely that there were two deposits. In point of fact, we do not suppose any one is prepared to say how many there are of sufficient magnitude, and of a quality that will make them worth opening when the demand calls for it. We can only speak of these matters in a general way.

The Southern Mainland is the only large part of the province that has been at all adequately opened by lines of communication. Steamers ply on the rivers and lakes and railway lines are being extended. The main line of the Canadian Pacific, which forms its northern border has 525 miles within British Columbia. The Crow's Nest section of the same line extends from the eastern frontier of the province to Midway, a mining town lying midway between the Rocky Mountains and the Coast. The distance by rail is 369 miles. Branch lines and steamboats give connection with all the important places, and lines are extended to the several mines as the output demands. The Shuswap and Okanagan, the Nakusp and Shocan, and the Kaslo and Shuswap railways afford traffic facilities to the northern portion of the section, while the Nelson and Port Sheppard and the Bellington branch of the Great Northern do the same for the southern portion. Other lines are projected and the probability is that within a few years the whole district will be well opened by high class railways. The Provincial legislature has recognized the necessity for such lines of communication by providing aid for the following lines:

From the cities of Vancouver and Victoria and from some point in the vicinity of English Bluff on the coast of the Mainland, via Hope and Chilliwack, to Midway, 330 miles.

From Midway to Vernon to connect with the Shuswap and Okanagan railway, 125 miles.

From a point on the Crow's Nest railway to Golden on the main line of the C. P. R., 125 miles.

Several companies have been chartered to build other lines in this district, the most important of which is probably the Crow's Nest Southern, which is designed to give the coal mines at Crow's Nest Pass an outlet to the United States. This line will probably be constructed immediately. It will be about 100 miles long. The Lardeau railway is also in process of construction. The existence of these transportation facilities and the others in prospect bear eloquent testimony to the faith of railway men in the future of this portion of British Columbia, which ten years ago was almost an unknown land. Its progress has only been fairly inaugurated. The next ten years will witness even greater progress than has yet been seen, for the opening of so favored a region will gain in rapidity as time goes on.

All the Mainland cities and towns of British Columbia, with one or two exceptions, are in the Southern Mainland. Among them are Vancouver, New Westminster, Nelson, Rossland, Revelstoke, Kamloops, Grand Forks, Greenwood, Midway, Kaslo, Sandon, Fernie, New Denver, Vernon, Golden, Fort Steele, Ashcroft, Penticton, Cranbrook, Ladang and others. In addition there are smaller centres of population, some of them supported by the agricultural section around them. Everywhere throughout this extensive district are to be seen the unmistakable signs of progress.

We shall be glad if any correspondent can add something to what is said above about the lines of communication in this part of the province.

The frequency of lynchings in the United States is not due to the people being any more bloodthirsty or less civilized than their Canadian neighbors, but is owing almost wholly to the mischievous practice that has grown up in that country of granting new trials to murderers on almost any kind of an excuse. Down in the State of Washington a short time ago a man was found guilty of murder. He went into a house looking for a man, whom he said he was going to kill. Another man happening to come to the door of his office saw what the noise in the hall was about, was shot dead by the murderer. There is no dispute as to the facts. Yet he has been tried twice and on both occasions found guilty, and the case is now up on appeal for the second time. People would not be much to blame for lynching such a fellow under such circumstances.

Lady Minto's proposal that the people of Canada shall take steps to erect monuments on the graves of the Canadians who fell in South Africa, is a very thoughtful one, and her appeal to the people, when made, will meet with a generous response.

The public are being prepared for disappointment over the census returns. We are sure of one thing, no matter what the census tells, namely that Canada is gaining in population and prosperity.

Dawson anticipates no end of good times this year. Think of a little bit of territory with \$25,000,000 of exports every year and all of it gold.

The reception of the Moroccan special embassy to the King was like a scene from a comic opera.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SHALL THE RECEPTION BE MARRED?

It is much to be desired that a new bridge shall be in place and in travelable condition by the day on which our future king and queen reach the capital. There is no doubt the slightest shade of doubt as to the stability of any structure in or upon which their Royal Highnesses, their entourage and the general public shall be asked to trust themselves. The legend of security must be writ large across it or our august visitors will pass by with a shudder. All are agreed upon the proposition that there should be a new bridge, but all are not unanimous as to the material to be adopted. It is to be a bridge of steel or of stone? Can a bridge that will meet the requirements be built in time for the occasion? On the days appointed for the reception. Were a contract given out now today—can a firm be found that will guarantee completion in time for the great event? If a new bridge cannot be had, how will the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall be asked to enter the city? By water? When the Princess Louise and Marquis of Lorne landed at Esquimalt 20 years ago, they reached the Capital by the Esquimalt road and the Rock Bay and Arm Bridges. The effect was grand and imposing. The roads, bridges and the general appearance of the Government House were lined with people and vehicles and spanned by arches. Forty gentlemen on horseback, a numerous body of citizens escorted the Queen's daughter and son-in-law from the landing place to Government House, and every where along the route the greatest enthusiasm was manifested. It will be a pity if the effect on the approaching occasion shall be detracted from by want of a bridge that should have been built long ago, and may yet be built in time. Will our men put their heads together and see what can be done to insure a reception that shall be worthy of the heir apparent of the throne, and worthy of the Capital City of this great province.

D. W. HIGGINS.

REPLY TO MR. BOGLE.

Sir,—I am sorry that I am unable to accept Mr. Bogle's diagnosis of the case. It is useless to traverse the extended field of debate opened up by him, and as I made no complaint in my country and (C. P. R.) and West and South Africa, I fall to see why Mr. Bogle has tried to refute my conclusions. I am sure that the mentioned West Africa in order to show how readily capital can be found to flow into the country, and to note the evidence of our increased prosperity, and in support of this, I must refer you to a paragraph in my letter in which I said "that through want of details and lack of definite information, people are apt to imagine that the increase of individual prosperity is identical with that of the industry in general." Mr. Bogle, in giving these figures, has fallen into the very error against which I sounded a warning note. If he can show that the increase of the mineral output is from a greater number of producing mines, then his quotation is of some value, but if, as I believe it to be the case, the increase is mainly from a few mines which have been developing on a larger scale, then the improvement is local and not general. Unfortunately, these details cannot be made public, since it is one of the crying and disgraceful defects in the present law that permits the inner workings of a mine to remain sealed books. Some day, when every producing mine is compelled to declare its output, monthly, confidentially, this country will be partially restored, but investors are not contented with having bare totals rendered to them, once a year in the crude form that Mr. Bogle, for instance, handles the figures. Mr. Bogle challenges me to point out one British colony where the law for the disclosure of mining statistics has been enforced, and then in this province. In reply I have to hesitate in saying that no other British colony has the very worst one possible to insure the development of a mining industry, but that Mr. Bogle himself has been framed by the law for the disclosure of mining statistics. In reply I have to hesitate in saying that no other British colony has the very worst one possible to insure the development of a mining industry, but that Mr. Bogle himself has been framed by the law for the disclosure of mining statistics. In reply I have to hesitate in saying that no other British colony has the very worst one possible to insure the development of a mining industry, but that Mr. Bogle himself has been framed by the law for the disclosure of mining statistics.

Some day the working men will awaken to the importance of having every claim declared, when they are the whole of the present mining act will be swept out of existence. At the end of 1899 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1900 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1901 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1902 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1903 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1904 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1905 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1906 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1907 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1908 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1909 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1910 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1911 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1912 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1913 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1914 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1915 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1916 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1917 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1918 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1919 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1920 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1921 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1922 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1923 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1924 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1925 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1926 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1927 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1928 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1929 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1930 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1931 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1932 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1933 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1934 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1935 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1936 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1937 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1938 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1939 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1940 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1941 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1942 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1943 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1944 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1945 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1946 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1947 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1948 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1949 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1950 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1951 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1952 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1953 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1954 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1955 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1956 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1957 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1958 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1959 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1960 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1961 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1962 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1963 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1964 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1965 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1966 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1967 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1968 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1969 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1970 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1971 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1972 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1973 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1974 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1975 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1976 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1977 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1978 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1979 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1980 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1981 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1982 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1983 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1984 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1985 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1986 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1987 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1988 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1989 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1990 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1991 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1992 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1993 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1994 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1995 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1996 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1997 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1998 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 1999 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2000 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2001 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2002 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2003 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2004 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2005 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2006 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2007 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2008 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2009 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2010 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2011 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2012 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2013 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2014 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2015 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2016 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2017 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2018 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2019 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2020 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2021 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2022 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2023 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2024 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2025 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2026 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2027 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2028 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2029 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2030 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2031 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2032 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2033 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2034 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2035 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2036 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2037 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2038 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2039 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2040 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2041 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2042 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2043 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2044 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2045 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2046 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2047 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2048 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2049 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2050 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2051 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2052 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2053 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2054 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2055 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2056 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2057 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2058 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2059 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2060 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2061 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2062 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2063 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2064 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2065 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2066 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2067 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2068 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2069 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2070 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2071 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2072 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2073 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2074 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2075 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2076 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2077 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2078 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2079 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2080 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2081 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2082 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2083 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2084 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2085 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2086 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2087 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2088 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2089 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2090 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2091 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2092 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2093 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2094 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2095 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2096 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2097 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2098 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2099 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2100 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2101 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2102 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2103 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2104 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2105 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2106 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2107 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2108 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2109 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2110 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2111 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2112 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2113 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2114 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2115 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2116 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2117 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2118 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2119 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2120 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2121 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2122 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2123 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2124 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2125 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2126 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2127 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2128 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2129 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2130 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2131 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2132 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2133 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2134 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2135 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2136 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2137 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2138 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2139 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2140 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2141 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2142 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2143 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2144 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2145 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2146 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2147 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2148 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2149 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2150 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2151 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2152 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2153 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2154 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2155 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2156 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2157 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2158 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2159 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2160 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2161 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2162 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2163 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2164 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2165 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2166 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2167 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2168 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2169 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2170 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2171 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2172 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2173 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2174 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2175 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2176 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2177 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2178 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2179 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2180 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2181 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2182 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2183 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2184 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2185 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2186 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2187 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2188 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2189 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2190 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2191 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2192 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2193 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2194 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2195 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2196 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2197 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2198 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2199 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2200 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2201 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2202 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2203 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2204 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2205 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2206 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2207 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2208 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2209 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2210 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2211 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2212 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2213 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2214 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2215 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2216 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2217 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2218 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2219 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2220 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2221 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2222 there were 29,747 claims in this province. At the end of 2223 there



The Guide Book to Health AND BEAUTY

Value \$2.00, is given free with every one of our 1903 VAPOR BATH CABINETS. It tells how to live, what to eat, etc., in order to maintain perfect health. We invite you to call and inspect them. Booklet to the asking.

Cyrus H. Bowes

Chemist,
98 Government St., near Yates St.,
Victoria, B. C.

A Superb Production

We have secured through our London agent a quantity of "The Record Number of Queen Victoria's Reign." This is the latest issued. It contains fifteen India Proof Engravings, and several hundred other illustrations. The frontispiece is an India proof of Constant's portrait of Queen Victoria, signed proofs of which are selling at ten guineas each. Interested purchasers should buy at once, as we may not be able to obtain a further supply.

Price \$2.50 each.

Victoria Book and Stationery Co.,
Limited.
THOMAS EARLE, M.P.
President. H. S. HENDERSON,
Manager.

VICTORIA, B.C.

LOCAL NEWS.

"One week's arrivals at Shawnigan Lake": Hinkson Siddall (deputy sheriff of Victoria), called twice at Koenig's proprietor of the Shawnigan Lake hotel.

The Canadian Pacific railway are running excursions to Buffalo exposition on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in every month, good for 30 days round trip, at \$80.

Garden Tools at Cheapside.

Try the new White Label Blue Ribbon Tea.

Lawn Mowers at Cheapside.

Drink "Hondt," purest and best of Ceylon teas.

Rubber Hose, Nozzles and Reels at Clarke & Pearson's.

BE WISE

Now is the time before the hot weather sets in to have your house and outdoor thoroughly disinfected, and you cannot do it properly unless you have the right goods to work with.

We have a full line of the very best, including Chloride Lime, Carbolic Acid, Sulphur, Copper, Blue Stone, Camphor, etc., etc. Try a package of our Cut Worm Killer, a sure death to the cut worm.

F. W. FAWCETT & CO.,
Chemists, 49 Govt. St.

Bantley's Orchestra at the Westside tonight.

Weiler Bros draw your attention to an elegant line of Drawing-room Cabinets, etc., just received; do not fail to see them.

Palmer's Hammocks are the best and strongest you can purchase. Weiler Bros. have them in all grades.

For a good meal, well cooked and daintily served, go to the Balmoral Restaurant, Douglas street; a six-dollar meal ticket for five dollars.

Opposition steamer Roselle sails at 7:30 p. m. daily except Saturday, for Seattle.

Great bargains in Monuments at Stewart's. Several Scotch Granite Monuments just arrived, Copings, etc. Nothing but first-class stock and workmanship. Corner Yates and Blanchard streets.

Every visitor to the City should drink Kola Tonic Wine and be sure you get the genuine and original, with the trade mark of a bunch of celery on the label, others are imitations.

Lawn Tennis Goods

Just received a full line of Ayres, and Wright & Dittson's Tennis Goods.

Also Spaulding's Baseball Goods

AT

John Barnsley & Co.

115 Government Street.

KODAKS AND FILMS

The Victoria News Co., stationers and booksellers, offers at very reasonable prices Office Supplies. R. T. Williams, manager, 86 Yates street.

The importance of pure food and pure beverages is daily becoming more fully recognized by law and common sense. The purity of Hondt Ceylon Tea is guaranteed by its history.

Which Do You Like?

OUR JUNE HATS are here that will suit your taste, we are sure. A style, too, that is popular and that will surely be comfortable.

These low crown golf hats, especially are right for summer wear. They are light on your head, and right for style.

SEA & GOWEN

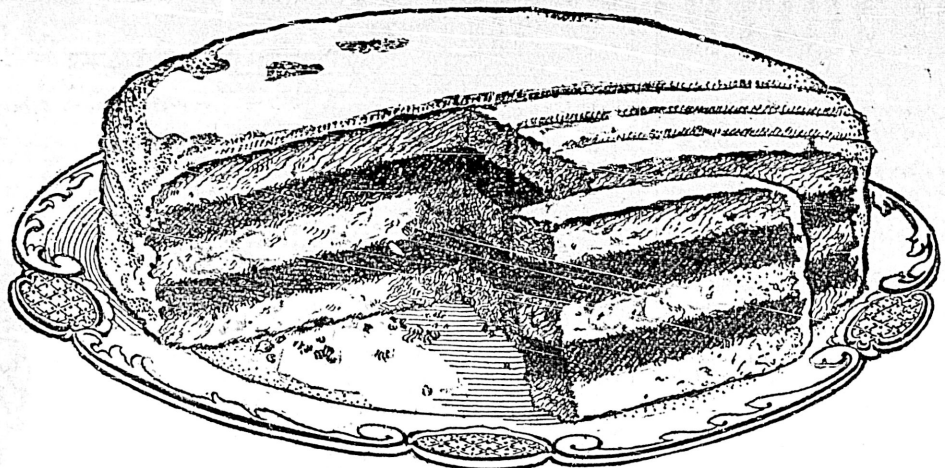
MEN'S FURNISHERS.

89 Douglas St. I.O.O.F. Block.

None Were There.—When Magistrate Hall took his place in the police court yesterday morning there were prospects of there being at least a short session of the court, but it turned out that all he had to do was to adjourn another.

A Chinaman summoned for failure to pay his revenue tax appeared before the court, met and settled with the collector by paying the tax and \$2 costs. George Yee, the boy summoned for breaking and entering a house and stealing 95 cents, did not appear until after the court had rose and the case had been adjourned until today.

Grand Lodge.—The annual meeting of the grand lodge of the British Columbia I. O. E. F. is to be held in Nanaimo next week, commencing on Tuesday. The delegates from Victoria are: No. 1, J. J. Jones; No. 2, Frank Taylor; No. 3, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 4, J. E. Phillips; No. 5, James Bell and F. A. Billingsley; No. 6, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 7, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 8, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 9, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 10, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 11, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 12, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 13, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 14, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 15, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 16, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 17, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 18, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 19, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 20, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 21, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 22, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 23, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 24, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 25, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 26, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 27, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 28, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 29, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 30, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 31, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 32, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 33, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 34, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 35, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 36, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 37, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 38, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 39, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 40, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 41, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 42, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 43, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 44, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 45, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 46, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 47, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 48, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 49, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 50, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 51, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 52, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 53, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 54, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 55, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 56, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 57, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 58, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 59, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 60, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 61, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 62, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 63, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 64, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 65, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 66, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 67, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 68, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 69, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 70, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 71, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 72, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 73, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 74, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 75, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 76, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 77, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 78, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 79, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 80, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 81, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 82, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 83, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 84, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 85, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 86, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 87, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 88, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 89, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 90, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 91, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 92, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 93, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 94, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 95, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 96, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 97, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 98, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 99, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 100, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 101, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 102, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 103, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 104, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 105, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 106, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 107, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 108, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 109, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 110, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 111, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 112, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 113, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 114, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 115, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 116, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 117, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 118, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 119, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 120, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 121, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 122, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 123, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 124, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 125, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 126, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 127, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 128, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 129, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 130, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 131, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 132, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 133, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 134, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 135, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 136, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 137, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 138, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 139, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 140, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 141, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 142, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 143, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 144, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 145, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 146, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 147, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 148, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 149, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 150, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 151, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 152, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 153, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 154, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 155, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 156, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 157, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 158, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 159, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 160, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 161, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 162, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 163, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 164, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 165, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 166, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 167, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 168, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 169, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 170, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 171, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 172, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 173, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 174, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 175, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 176, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 177, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 178, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 179, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 180, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 181, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 182, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 183, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 184, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 185, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 186, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 187, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 188, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 189, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 190, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 191, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 192, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 193, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 194, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 195, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 196, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 197, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 198, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 199, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 200, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 201, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 202, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 203, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 204, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 205, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 206, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 207, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 208, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 209, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 210, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 211, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 212, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 213, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 214, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 215, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 216, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 217, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 218, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 219, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 220, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 221, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 222, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 223, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 224, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 225, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 226, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 227, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 228, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 229, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 230, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 231, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 232, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 233, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 234, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 235, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 236, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 237, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 238, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 239, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 240, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 241, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 242, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 243, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 244, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 245, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 246, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 247, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 248, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 249, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 250, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 251, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 252, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 253, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 254, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 255, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 256, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 257, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 258, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 259, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 260, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 261, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 262, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 263, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 264, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 265, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 266, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 267, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 268, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 269, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 270, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 271, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 272, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 273, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 274, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 275, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 276, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 277, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 278, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 279, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 280, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 281, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 282, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 283, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 284, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 285, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 286, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 287, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 288, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 289, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 290, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 291, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 292, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 293, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 294, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 295, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 296, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 297, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 298, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 299, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 300, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 301, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 302, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 303, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 304, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 305, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 306, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 307, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 308, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 309, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 310, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 311, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 312, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 313, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 314, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 315, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 316, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 317, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 318, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 319, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 320, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 321, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 322, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 323, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 324, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 325, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 326, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 327, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 328, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 329, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 330, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 331, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 332, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 333, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 334, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 335, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 336, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 337, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 338, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 339, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 340, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 341, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 342, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 343, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 344, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 345, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 346, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 347, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 348, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 349, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 350, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 351, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 352, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 353, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 354, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 355, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 356, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 357, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 358, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 359, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 360, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 361, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 362, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 363, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 364, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 365, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 366, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 367, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 368, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 369, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 370, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 371, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 372, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 373, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 374, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 375, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 376, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 377, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 378, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 379, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 380, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 381, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 382, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 383, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 384, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 385, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 386, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 387, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 388, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 389, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 390, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 391, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 392, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 393, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 394, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 395, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 396, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 397, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 398, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 399, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 400, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 401, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 402, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 403, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 404, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 405, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 406, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 407, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 408, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 409, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 410, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 411, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 412, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 413, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 414, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 415, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 416, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 417, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 418, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 419, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 420, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 421, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 422, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 423, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 424, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 425, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 426, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 427, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 428, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 429, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 430, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 431, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 432, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 433, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 434, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 435, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 436, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 437, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 438, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 439, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 440, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 441, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 442, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 443, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 444, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 445, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 446, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 447, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 448, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 449, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 450, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 451, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 452, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 453, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 454, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 455, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 456, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 457, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 458, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 459, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 460, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 461, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 462, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 463, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 464, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 465, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 466, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 467, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 468, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 469, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 470, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 471, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 472, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 473, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 474, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 475, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 476, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 477, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 478, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 479, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 480, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 481, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 482, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 483, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 484, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 485, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 486, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 487, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 488, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 489, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 490, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 491, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 492, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 493, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 494, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 495, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 496, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 497, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 498, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 499, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 500, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 501, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 502, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 503, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 504, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 505, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 506, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 507, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 508, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 509, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 510, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 511, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 512, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 513, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 514, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 515, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 516, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 517, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 518, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 519, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 520, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 521, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 522, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 523, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 524, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 525, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 526, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 527, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 528, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 529, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 530, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 531, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 532, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 533, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 534, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 535, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 536, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 537, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 538, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 539, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 540, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 541, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 542, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 543, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 544, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 545, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 546, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 547, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 548, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 549, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 550, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 551, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 552, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 553, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 554, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 555, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 556, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 557, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 558, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 559, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 560, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 561, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 562, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 563, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 564, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 565, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 566, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 567, Messrs. Siddall and McCombs; No. 56



At this season the housekeeper must look specially after the baking powder.

As she cannot make good cake with bad eggs, no more can she make cake that is light, delicious and dainty with inferior baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder is indispensable for the preparation of the finest food. It imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness and flavor noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, doughnuts, crusts, etc., which expert bakers say is unobtainable by the use of any other leavening agent.

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Cleanup of The Klondike

Dawson Correspondent Estimates It At Twenty Five Million.

Damage Done By the Flood At Forty Mile Last Month.

A correspondent writing from Dawson under date of May 21, estimates the Klondike spring cleanup at \$15,000,000, and the summer cleanup at \$10,000,000. He says every day sees the arrival of gold dust in large quantities, as much as \$40,000 arriving in one day, with prospects of a much larger daily arrival when the trails are in better condition. Naturally the big cleanup has caused a revival of business in Dawson, and along the creeks. Continuing, he says: "Labor is in big demand on all creeks. The prevailing wages of the winter was from \$3 to \$4 a day and board. Now it ranges from \$4 to \$6 a day and board, with the majority paying \$5. Men are scarce, but in a week or two the bulk of the spring cleanup will be over, and the camp is expected to then drop to its normal demand, so far as labor is concerned, and, therefore, any suggestion for men to flock here seeking labor would be ill-advised.

"The miners of the creeks have taken preliminary steps looking to the organization of a miners' union. A meeting has been called to be held in Dawson, Victoria Day, this week, for general organization. The object of the union is to maintain a stable rate of wages, and it is thought likely \$5 a day and board will probably be the mark.

"A few minor difficulties have arisen between employers and employees on the creeks, in which the demand for \$5 a day and board was the original cause. The men walked out on a number of creeks, but the movement scarcely reached the dignity of a labor strike, unless it were Chitchee hill, where 150 men, for a while, refused to work for less than \$5 a day. One of the claims conceded to the strikers.

"The fact that thousands of claims which had been reserved by the crown were sold at auction to the public during the winter, and that almost every restriction as to the number of claims a man might stake in the country were thrown off, has given a greatly renewed incentive to mining in the Klondike. Stampedes have been the order of the month. Nearly every day there is a stampede to some creek, gulch or hill in the district, and twenty to fifty claims recorded, staked and entered.

"Prospecting is going on on many of the creeks, and new districts, Lower Dominion, which has long been considered of little good, is reported to have yielded pay below the month of Gold Run, on No. 242 creek. A Police report to the pan is reported on Henry gulch, tributary to Hunker, and Gay gulch is credited with having developed a second pay streak below what was originally considered the bedrock. The same has been struck several weeks ago on No. 3, Eldorado. The second streak on Eldorado continues to pay well.

"The claim of T. S. Lippy, is maintaining its old-time reputation of astonishing the natives this year by its holding-out powers. It is not by greater pay. Eleven sluices are running on the claim, and it is said on good authority that as high as \$6,000 to the sluice is being taken out on the claim every twenty-four hours.

"Eldorado and Bonanza will maintain their reputations as the banner creeks of the district. Gold Run is expected to prove the banner creek outside of those two for its size. Great claims have been taken out on that creek this winter, many of them as high as the ordinary two-story building, and built in conical form in peak after peak.

"Lower Dominion creek, on the other hand, which was thrown open but a short time ago, is developing good pay on the right limit, below the mouth of Gold Run. Some think the pay comes from the same source as the gold on Gold Run.

"Dominion is such a long creek, and the lower part has been so long undeveloped that the striking of gold there is almost, if not quite, equal to the discovery of a new creek in the district. The new discoveries have been made on the hillsides and range from 227 to 253 below lower discovery. Claims have been staked much farther down, even to where Sulphur comes in, and some locators have crossed Sulphur and are staking on what is supposed to be the extension of the strike. The pay on the new part of the creek was struck by two Frenchmen who prospected there for two years. The valley is very

wide. They cross-cut the valley after long and persistent effort, and finally gave up the work and went to the hill, where they made the strike, and were rewarded by getting \$2 and more on bedrock. A nugget was found on No. 243, below lower, not long ago, worth \$145. Pay dirt running 5 cents to the pan is reported common along the line of the new strike.

"Owing to the activity on the creeks in cleaning up the stores and roadhouses there are enjoying big trade, and at hours when the men are idle the resorts along the streams are crowded.

"The legal war which has been opened against concessions that blanket hundreds of miles of the placer creeks of the Klondike promises to be one of the bitterest contests ever undertaken in this country. Suit has already been filed in the gold commissioner's court in Dawson against the Doyle, the Matson and the Bronson & Co. The plaintiffs are nearly all individual miners who have been stamped together. Lawyers are fighting for a comparatively small fee for each miner, but the number of clients is so numerous that on the whole the lawyers will have handsome returns. The causes of action cited in the various complaints are virtually all the same, namely, failure to work the ground by hydraulic, fraud in obtaining it, and failure to make required payments to the government. Claims in the several suits aggregate 250 to 300. They have all staked claims within the borders of the concession, and applied for records for the ground. Their applications have all been stamped 'refused,' and returned them, but they hope to break the concessions and then to get title for the claims for which they applied. Some of the richest districts in the Klondike are conceded to be within the limits of the concessions, and the prospectors have long looked on them with covetous eyes. The popular feeling here is against the concessions. Not one of the concessionaires is known by name, and some of them are worked with steam plants, like common placer mines granted to individuals. The time of hearing the concession suits has been set for July. The great number of boundary and staking contests arising out of the many spring stampedes resulting from the opening of the thousands of crown claims and from ordinary causes has caused a flood of business in the gold commissioner's court. The court has been busy all winter and spring, and the calendar is now filled until the middle of July. A heavy array of legal talent will be engaged in the concession fights."

"The order of the mounted police given last winter, that all the semi-domestic should remove from Dawson by May 1, has been enforced. The majority of them have gone to Klondike City, south of town. They formerly occupied the city, and they are situated in the center of the city.

"The order for gambling to cease and for dance halls to close will become effective June 1.

"J. H. Ross, the new commissioner, has declared himself emphatically in favor of incorporation for Dawson. He believes in letting the town take care of its own affairs, while the territorial officials attend to matters of more general interest to the territory.

"The table is a switchback of numbers. The end of 1900 shows the anticipation of peace, while the following March indicates the preparations for the new campaign. This current month is one of drafts to replace homecoming men, so that the number given has not the significance of former periods.

"This huge army was landed in South Africa minus only some three hundred voyage casualties, and with only some half dozen accidents to vessels. The

home railway work in connection with the embarkations was magnificently performed, and shows that the railway companies can run to time when they like.

Forty Miles of Ribbon.

To Be Utilized to Carry the South African War Medals.

From London Daily Mail.

It is calculated that about 75,000 yards of ribbon will be issued with the South African war medals.

This estimate is made on the assumption that about 300,000 men will secure the medal, there being nine inches of ribbon served out with each medal.

No decision has been arrived at as to whether any of the ribbon will be sent out to South Africa to the men who are entitled to it. The custom has been to distribute the ribbon on the return of the troops, and this will probably be the course adopted in the present instance.

Meanwhile, those regiments already back from the war can put in their claims for the ribbon, and can wear it. It is served out in rolls to each regiment, and then cut up into nine-inch strips and handed to those who are to receive it.

It is about an inch and a quarter wide, and is made of ribbed silk of three colors—red on the edges, dark blue next and orange in the center. The last mentioned color has half an inch to itself, and is therefore the most prominent of the three.

The Wife—As if I didn't know where you were last night! Don't you know you cannot deceive me? J. Ker.

"Of course I do. But I always try to because I know it gives you so much pleasure."—Life.

PASSENGERS.

Passengers per steamer Charming from Vancouver.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer Rosalie from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Passengers per steamer North Pacific from the Sound.

Mr. Dunsinuir, Mrs. Dunsinuir, Miss Masson, D. S. Weeg, Mrs. Weeg, D. S. Weeg, Jr., Robt. Johnson, Miss Howard, Jas. Patterson, Mrs. Patterson, Barling Gold, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Peck, G. T. Fox, T. H. Stewart, Mrs. A. Fairchild, Mrs. W. R. Smith, J. Polster, Miss Jacques, Mrs. C. M. Wynan, H. Meyer.

Nature's Remedy for Constipation Hunyadi Janos THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER. Insist on having the Genuine.

J. W. KINLOCH 63 BROAD STREET dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen Furniture of all kinds. Plumbing and Gas-fitting orders receive prompt attention. Tin Roofing and Sheet Iron work. All-light Stoves a specialty. A trial solicited. 63 YATES STREET TO THE TRADE. Have on hand a large stock of Waltham Watch Co. movements. Will sell 15 per cent below list prices. Stoddart's Jewellery Store

A LEATHER TEST. AIR tight leathers cause foot trouble! Mineral tannages, produce sweaty, tender, irritated feet. And so there appears as a substitute, several "Vegetable tannages." These are claimed to be porous. But none of them are proven porous. Their makers merely theorize about porosity. And people don't need to buy theories when they can have proofs at the same cost. There is but one leather—"Normal Calf"—which volunteers the test pictured here, because only this one leather is sufficiently open pored—sweat dispelling. If it be not as porous as cloth, how could ordinary gas pass through it, and burn as freely as though no leather intervened? This test may be seen at any Slater Shoe Agency. "Normal Calf" is cool, clean, light and brilliant,—the ideal summer leather. To be had only in that Goodyear Welted symbol of progress.—"The Slater Shoe" J. Fullerton & J. H. Baker, Sole Local Agents.

Weak, Nervous School Children.

The severe and ever-increasing strain of competitive examinations, coming at a time when every boy and girl is undergoing trying physiological changes, does much toward making mental and physical wrecks of school children. A glance at the pale, weak and puny children who come from our public and high schools will make any thoughtful person consider seriously the advisability of sacrificing health and vigor for the trivial honor of standing high at examination time. Hosts of boys and girls, young men and young women are suffering from ills and irregularities resulting from exhausted nerve force. There is no treatment known to science that will so naturally and thoroughly restore strength and vitality to the nervous system and health to the whole body as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. It makes parents happy by bringing back the color to the faces, and the buoyancy and elasticity to the bodies of their pale, puny children.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Agents wanted for Dr. Chase's Last and Complete Receipt Book.

DID YOU EVER USE

NOVO Well, you should try it. It cleans Suits, Dresses, Carpets, Linoleums, and Paint Work perfectly. WHOLESALE—HUDSON BAY CO., SIMON LEISER & CO. PRICE PER TWO GALLON BOTTLE—\$1.25. SAMPLES WILL BE GIVEN AWAY AFTER FRIDAY AT THE FOLLOWING STORES:

J. SEHL, WATSON & SON, S. SHORE, WATSON & HALL, FELL & CO. LTD., MOWAT & WALLACE, HARDRESS CLARKE, FRED. CARNE, D. H. ROSS & CO., JOHNS BROS., SPED BROS., DEANVILLE, SONS & CO., L. DICKERSON, SCHROEDER BROS., JAMESON & CO.

Natural Mineral Shasta Water BERRY & STEWART, Agents, Wharf Street, LIMITED

Boys' White Duck Suits (Long or Short Pants) \$2.00 to \$3.50. Men's Fancy Colored Shirts \$1.25 to \$1.50. Linen Collars, 3 for 50c. —AT— ARTHUR HOLMES 78 Yates Street Corner Broad Victoria

INSURANCE! FIRE MARINE ACCIDENT, HEALTH, EMPLOYERS LIABILITY F. O. DAVIDGE & CO., LD. Comm:rs on Merchants Shipping, and General Insurance Agents. 62 Store Street Victoria, BC

Telephones Hello! Hello! HELLO PARTY LINE TELEPHONE IN YOUR RESIDENCE, ONLY 'TWO DOLLARS PER MONTH.

The WRONG Way to Talk. The RIGHT Way to Talk. Party Line Telephones at reduced rates. Call up "Central No. 500, and ask for terms and districts. Perfect service. Terms so moderate as to be within reach of all. No installation charge, no advance payment. VICTORIA & ESQUIMALT TELEPHONE CO. LIMITED

Farm For Sale

Enderby, B. C.

One of the finest, if not the finest farm in the valley, comprising 1300 acres, 500 of which are under cultivation, and 100 of which are meadow in addition. The buildings on this property are modern, and of the very best; orchards, drainage, and everything being in first class repair. This is one of the finest ranches that is for sale in the Upper Country.

PEMBERTON & SON. - 45 Fort Street

THE WEATHER.



Meteorological Office, Victoria, June 7-8 p. m.
The barometer is highest on the Vancouver Island and the Washington coast and a low area is crossing the northern portion of the province, and is central in Alberta. It is raining and cool today at Barkerville, and showers have fallen over the Straits and adjacent waters, the heaviest fall being at New Westminster. Temperatures generally have been only moderately warm. In the Northwest a high barometer area, centered in Manitoba, will bring this Friday morning the temperature fell to 34° Fahrenheit at Swift Current and at Hwy. Montana. A thunderstorm occurred at Salt Lake City.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	40	56
New Westminster	42	52
Barkerville	42	52
Calgary	32	58
Winnipeg	32	58
Portland, Ore.	48	58
San Francisco	48	62

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time, Saturday).
Victoria and vicinity: Moderate or fresh southerly and westerly winds, partly cloudy, with occasional showers and stationary or higher temperature.
Lower Mainland: Light or moderate southerly winds, chiefly cloudy with showers, not much change in temperature.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

	Temp.	Wind.
5 a. m.	40	Light S.W.
Noon	56	Light S.W.
5 p. m.	54	Light S.W.

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

	Direction	Force
5 a. m.	4 miles southwest.	
Noon	16 miles southwest.	
5 p. m.	16 miles west.	

Average state of weather: Rain—0.1 inch.

Sunshine—6 hours 42 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed—30.136

Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected—30.22

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected—30.22

Young Children and Malt Breakfast Food

Do not allow your little ones to use starch and farina foods such as oatmeal and the majority of ordinary prepared grain foods. They are hard to digest and lack the grand constituents for the formation of bone and muscle. Malt Breakfast Food is predigested, therefore does not tax the system, and the children love it, and thrive fast on it. Malt Breakfast Food is as cheap as common oatmeal; one packet makes thirty meals. At all Grocers.

VICTORIA TIDES.

For the Month of June, 1901.
(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of the Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 18.5 feet above the sill of the Gaillard Mill Dry Dock.

The time used is Pacific Standard for the 120 meridian west. It is 3 hours and 30 minutes to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot.

Date.	Day.	Time.	Ht.	Time.	Ht.	Time.	Ht.
1	Sa.	0.11	8.3	8.40	1.61	8.2	7.1
2	Su.	0.10	8.4	9.10	1.29	7.3	29.23
3	Mo.	0.10	8.4	9.41	1.00	7.4	21.05
4	Tu.	0.10	8.4	10.12	0.50	7.5	13.05
5	We.	0.10	8.4	10.43	0.20	7.6	5.25
6	Th.	0.10	8.4	11.14	0.20	7.7	0.25
7	Fr.	0.10	8.4	11.45	0.20	7.8	0.25
8	Sa.	0.10	8.4	12.16	0.20	7.9	0.25
9	Su.	0.10	8.4	12.47	0.20	8.0	0.25
10	Mo.	0.10	8.4	13.18	0.20	8.1	0.25
11	Tu.	0.10	8.4	13.49	0.20	8.2	0.25
12	We.	0.10	8.4	14.20	0.20	8.3	0.25
13	Th.	0.10	8.4	14.51	0.20	8.4	0.25
14	Fr.	0.10	8.4	15.22	0.20	8.5	0.25
15	Sa.	0.10	8.4	15.53	0.20	8.6	0.25
16	Su.	0.10	8.4	16.24	0.20	8.7	0.25
17	Mo.	0.10	8.4	16.55	0.20	8.8	0.25
18	Tu.	0.10	8.4	17.26	0.20	8.9	0.25
19	We.	0.10	8.4	17.57	0.20	9.0	0.25
20	Th.	0.10	8.4	18.28	0.20	9.1	0.25
21	Fr.	0.10	8.4	18.59	0.20	9.2	0.25
22	Sa.	0.10	8.4	19.30	0.20	9.3	0.25
23	Su.	0.10	8.4	20.01	0.20	9.4	0.25
24	Mo.	0.10	8.4	20.32	0.20	9.5	0.25
25	Tu.	0.10	8.4	21.03	0.20	9.6	0.25
26	We.	0.10	8.4	21.34	0.20	9.7	0.25
27	Th.	0.10	8.4	22.05	0.20	9.8	0.25
28	Fr.	0.10	8.4	22.36	0.20	9.9	0.25
29	Sa.	0.10	8.4	23.07	0.20	10.0	0.25
30	Su.	0.10	8.4	23.38	0.20	10.1	0.25

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Wets. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

THE RACE, THE RACYLE AND THE RESULT.

(Copyright Reserved.)

The cry went up, "They're off at last!"

And, speeding down the track then passed

A youth, who took and held the lead;

The race a wheel removed for speed.

THE RACYLE.

Did he feel sad? Not much, you bet;

"Twice those behind had cause to fret;

A shout arose, "What does he ride?"

Ten thousand voices loud and quick.

A RACYLE.

"Beware! my son, be not too rash;

Beware! the awful strain and crash."

This was the veteran's kindly hint,

The youth replied, "I never fail,

THESE RACYLES.

"Oh, star," the maiden said, "I'd like

To read the name upon your bike."

"Most certainly," the youth replied,

"Tis as I thought the maiden cried,

A RACYLE.

There in the twilight e'd they lay,

The vanished champions of that day.

No chance had they to win a race

With bikes not built to keep the pace.

WITH A RACYLE.

MORAL.

If I had a "bike" and it wouldn't go,

I'd think I'd smash it to bits, you know;

I'd sell it cheap to some "wile-e" go,

And then, you bet, I'd go and buy

A RACYLE.

The crack hanger does the trick.

CLAYTON & CO'S Agents,

48 Johnson Street.

Hardy Bros' Rods

Reels, Lines, Casts, Flies

and FINE SCOTCH FLIES

Inspect our large variety and try

a sample dozen. There is no need to

send away for these goods as we

import them direct from the river-

side makers. We can sell 30 per

cent cheaper than any house outside

of Victoria, at

FOX'S, 78 Gov't St

JONES CRANE & CO

We are authorized to sell by auction on our premises, 73 Yates Street, 2 p. m., Tuesday, June 11.

Furniture Etc.

Fine Organ and Piano,

Peterborough Canoe,

Nursery Plants.

Full particulars later. Tel. 291.

JONES, CRANE & CO.,

Licensed Auctioneers.

Since writing the foregoing we have

had a very cold spell, which has been

the salvation of the valley. The Fraser

has fallen a good deal, and as the water

is intensely cold, I do not apprehend

much damage, even if not so much were

covered for a short time. It may be

that the crucial time is yet to come, and

that the next hot spell may do a deal

of damage. However, "Snow is soon

enough when it comes."

As indicated in a previous letter, I

went out to Burnaby on May 27. I

took in the hill orchards first; found

that some strawberry plantations were

infected with the strawberry root louse,

Paria atermia, which you know, of

course, I was afraid, from the descrip-

tion which had been given me, that we

had to deal with a more formidable pest,

viz., the crown louse, not so, however,

I saw no indication of the latter insect

anywhere. The root louse attacks only

the older strawberry beds. Rubus

roots and raspberry beds, which are

permitted to become foul with weeds

and trash, there is not much injury

done to the rubus and raspberries; at

the same time, it is better to exterminate

the insect wherever it is found. In

strawberry, where it may do immense

damage, the safest and by far the most

effective remedy is to mow the vines

after fruiting season is over, and set

fire to the dry leaves, much and other

trash which is sure to accumulate in

a strawberry field. This may be said

to be heroic treatment, and those who

have not seen its beneficial effect are

hard to convince that it is not dangerous

and destructive to the strawberries, but

once they have adopted it, they invariably

continue to practise it. All bodies

their eggs, weeds and their seeds are

destroyed; two weeks after the bed

shall have been burnt over, the vines

spring up, beautiful, fresh and robust,

and the ground perfectly clean. The

next best remedy is to plough under the

strawberry beds after gathering the

second crop, and plant the other

crops in the land, making a

new plantation in clean soil.

This involves more work, but the practice

is a sound one, for unless the runners

shall have been cut regularly during

the second season, the third crop is

seldom profitable. I have fruited straw-

berries for four years in succession, but

invariably cut the runners weekly dur-

ing the growing season, but where land

is plentiful, I advise only two crops. This

prevents pests and weeds from being

established in the ground.

The third remedy is to spray every-

thing carefully with paris green and

lime once before blooming, and two or

three times after the fruit has been gathered.

This poisons the beetles and other

insects, but does not clean the ground.

I explained these several methods, giving

the growers their choice, but one of

the three must be surely adopted.

I visited the growers in the vicinity

of Burnaby on the second day, and

found some fields entirely free from

either of both weeds and pests. I never

saw better or more intelligent straw-

berry culture than that practised by the

Moss Hill Brothers. Such men are a

treasure in any community, and strange

to say they have adopted the wrong

method which I have found to be the

best, viz. burning after fruiting."

A few of the practical days amongst

those people, learned a good deal, as I

try to do always, and I believe that I

helped them more than a little. I intend

to be more amongst them in future.

There are many very fine, intelligent

people in the vicinity of Park Royal.

The latter have a very difficult problem

to solve. The ground is sour, soil thin,

and a very cold inert and barren sub-

soil. The water table, which flows over

the hardpan about 3 or 4 feet below

the surface, is destructive of all deep root-

ing plants, hence the failure in fruit trees,

larches, etc. The only remedy is plant-

ing on the surface of the soil, and

mounding up with surrounding soil.

This can be done only where all the

ground is given to the trees. Few peo-

ple will be found ready to adopt this

practice, hence the frequent failures and

chronic dissatisfaction which a member

of the board of horticulture, Mr. J. H.

Cunningham says:

Dear Mr. Anderson, I have just got

from Sunas, which is now a scene of

desolation, difficult to describe, but ter-

rible in its aspect. The day is very stormy,

the wind blowing hard a gale, and

as cold as any day in March. As far

as the eye can reach there is nothing

to be seen but an expanse of angry

water. Not only are the meadows under

water, but many fields of grain are

covered—very fine, promising grain. It

is showing much better where not com-

pletely submerged than the dry lands of

Chilliwack.

The cattle were all removed some

time ago, many small bands are picking

the short grass on the roadside, they

show bad wintering, and are in the

worst possible condition to bear the

starvation which now seems inevitable.

Most of the cattle which I saw to-day

are in full flow of milk and cannot be

turned into the woods; their bags would

be ruined. I had an experience

along this line in '94 and '96, and feel

the keenest sympathy for those unfor-

tunate men and their stock. There

is, however, a very good way to provide

for such an emergency—that is, by

building a high-water silo and storing it

well with ensilage, well grass or clover,

and not over a foot deep. I believe that

does admirably and makes very accept-

able food for the cattle, which should be

housed in a high-water barn. Mr. P.

W. Magar, of Nicomen Island, has made

this provision, and is succeeding beyond